

TOWN OF CATHARINE
TOWN BOARD MEETING – Year-End Meeting
December 30, 2024

Members Present: Supervisor: Richard Lewis; Councilmen: Glenn Bleiler, C. Michael Learn, Ronald Hoffman, Jamee Mack.

Absent: Highway Superintendent: Marty Vondracek

Public in attendance: Jessica Skinner.

The meeting was called to order at 1:04 pm by Supervisor Lewis.

Public Heard: None.

Minutes: Minutes were approved as read.

RESOLUTION 93-2024

RESOLVE that the minutes of the December board meeting be accepted.

RESOLUTION by Glenn Bleiler, seconded by C. Michael Learn.

VOTE 5 ayes, 0 noes

Highway Superintendent's Report: None.

Old Business: The town board members discussed the proposed local law 1-2025. To answer questions from some of the board members, Code Enforcement Officer Tony Nevone explained in more detail the sections regarding parking garages and food trucks.

RESOLUTION – 94-2024

RESOLVE that The Town of Catharine Town Board approves the adoption of Local Law 1-2025 – Code Enforcement and Regulation, to repeal and replace local law 1-2014.

RESOLUTION by Glenn Bleiler, seconded by C. Michael Learn.

VOTE 4 ayes (Richard Lewis, Ronald Hoffman, Glenn Bleiler, C. Michael Learn); 1 no (Jamee Mack).

See Exhibit A at the end of the minutes for the full text of the adopted Local Law 1-2025.

New Business:

RESOLUTION 95-2024

RESOLVE that the regular monthly meetings of the Town Board be held the third Tuesday of each month beginning at 7:00 pm with the exception of November, when there will be two meetings, one no later than November 15th (for the Budget Hearing) and one on the third Tuesday of November.

AND BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the official bank is to be designated as the depositories for the Town of Catharine will be the Chemung Canal of Elmira, NY, Montour Falls Branch.

AND BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the official Town Newspaper shall be the Watkins Review and Express, published in Dundee, NY, and the website for the Town shall be www.townofcatharine.com,

AND BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the payrolls and utilities can be paid in advance of the audit of claims of the Town Board,

AND BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the mileage for trips pertaining to Town business for the Town of Catharine, be paid as per IRS guidelines. This reimbursement does not apply to meetings of the Town Board.

AND BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, there will be a year-end meeting held before the end of the fiscal year,

AND BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following appointments, terms of office and salaries of the following officials and employees of the Town of Catharine for the year 2024 are hereby fixed in the amount set forth opposite each name and shall be payable at the time indicated:

Supervisor	Richard Lewis	\$0.00	1/1/24-12/31/27	QT
Deputy Supervisor	Glenn Bleiler	\$0.00	1/1/25-12/31/25	
Town Clerk	Kellie Kretchmer	\$25,281	1/1/22-12/31/25	BW
Deputy Town Clerk	Valerie Shisler	\$17.17/hr	1/1/24-03/31/24	BW
Deputy Town Clerk-Per Diem	Diane Sidle	\$18.34hr	1/1/24-03/31/24	BW
Councilmen	Jamee Mack	\$1,000/yr	1/1/22-12/31/25	QT
	C. Michael Learn	\$1,000/yr	1/1/24-12/31/27	QT
	Ronald Hoffman	\$1,000/yr	1/1/24-12/31/27	QT
	Glenn Bleiler	\$1,000/yr	1/1/22-12/31/25	QT
Town Justice	Ronald Goossen	\$4,440.00	1/1/24-12/31/27	BW
Court Clerk	Deb Riley	\$4,500.00	1/1/25-12/31/25	BW
Hwy. Superintendent	Martin Vondracek	\$35,000.00	1/1/25-12/31/25	BW
Attorney	Guy Krogh, Thaler &Thaler	Attorney \$300/hour Paralegal \$200/hour	1/1/25-12/31/25	As Needed
Code Enforcement	Anthony Nevone	\$35.00/hr	1/1/25-12/31/25	BW
Budget Officer	Richard Lewis	\$0.00	1/1/25-12/31/25	
Bookkeeper	Becki Wheeler	\$35.00/hr	1/1/25-12-31/25	BW
MEO Foreman	Richard Crane	\$20.82/hr	1/1/25-12/31/25	BW
MEO	Loren Walp	\$20.04/hr	1/1/25-12/31/25	BW
Public Health Officer	Dr. Benjamin Saks	\$599.00/yr	1/1/25 – 12/31/25	Q
Historian	Carol Fagnan	\$200.00/yr	1/1/25-12/31/25	Y
Registrar of Vital Statistics	Kellie Kretchmer	--	1/1/25-12/31/25	\$10/copy
Deputy Registrar	Valerie Shisler	--	1/1/25-12/31/25	\$10/copy
Deputy Registrar	Diane Sidle	--	1/1/25-12/31/25	\$10/copy
Planning Board Secretary	Kellie Kretchmer	\$20.00/meeting	1/1/25-12/31/25	Per Meeting

RESOLUTION by Glenn Bleiler, seconded by Ronald Hoffman.

VOTE 5 ayes, 0 noes

Jessica Skinner introduced herself to the members of the Town Board.

RESOLUTION 96-2024

RESOLVE that the Town of Catharine appoint Jessica Skinner to the Zoning Board of Appeals for a 5-year term effective January 1, 2025 – December 31, 2029.

RESOLUTION by Ronald Hoffman, seconded by Glenn Bleiler.

VOTE 5 ayes, 0 noes

RESOLUTION 97-2024

RESOLVE that the Town of Catharine approve the yearly justice audit provided by Justice Ronald Goossen.

RESOLUTION by Glenn Bleiler, seconded by Ronald Hoffman.

VOTE 5 ayes, 0 noes

Motion to adjourn by Glenn Bleiler, seconded by Ronald Hoffman.

All in favor.

Meeting adjourned at 2:05 pm.

Respectfully submitted,

Kellie Kretchmer
Town Clerk/Tax Collector

Next meeting January 21, 2025

Exhibit A

**TOWN OF CATHARINE
LOCAL LAW 1 OF 2025**

CODE ENFORCEMENT AND REGULATION, to repeal and replace Local Law 1-2014

Be it enacted by the Town of Catharine, in the County of Schuyler, State of New York, as follows:

SECTION 1. PURPOSE AND INTENT: This local law provides for the administration and enforcement of the New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code (the Uniform Code) and the State Energy Conservation Construction Code (the Energy Code) in this Town. This local law is adopted pursuant to S 10 of the Municipal Home Rule Law, Article 7 of Town Law, Article 18 of the Executive Law, and the regulations promulgated thereunder. Except as otherwise provided in the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, other state laws, or other sections of this local law, all buildings, structures, and premises, regardless of use or occupancy, are subject to the provisions of this local law.

SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS:

(a) Definitions. In this local law, the following terms shall have the meanings shown in this section:

"Assembly Area" shall mean an area in any building, or in any portion of a building, that is primarily used or intended to be used for gathering fifty or more persons for uses including, but not limited to, amusement, athletic, entertainment, social, or other recreational functions; patriotic, political, civic, educational, or religious functions; food or drink consumption; awaiting transportation; or similar purposes.

"Building Permit" shall mean a building permit, construction permit, demolition permit, or other permit that authorizes the performance of work. The term "Building Permit" shall also include a Building Permit which is renewed, amended, or extended pursuant to any provision of this local law.

"Certificate of Compliance" shall mean a document issued by the Town stating that work was done in compliance with approved construction documents and the Codes.

"Certificate of Occupancy" shall mean a document issued by the Town certifying that the building or structure, or portion thereof, complies with the approved construction documents that have been submitted to, and approved by the Town, and indicating that the building or structure, or portion thereof, is in a condition suitable for occupancy.

"Code Enforcement Officer" shall mean the Code Enforcement Officer appointed pursuant to subdivision (b) of S 3 of this local law.

"Code Enforcement Personnel" shall include the Code Enforcement Officer and all Inspectors.

"Codes" shall mean the Uniform Code and Energy Code.

"CPLR" shall mean the New York Civil Practice Law and Rules.

"Energy Code" shall mean the New York State Energy Conservation Construction Code adopted pursuant to Article 11 of the Energy Law.

"FCNYS" shall mean the 2020 Fire Code of New York State as currently incorporated by reference in 19 NYCRR Part 1225.

"Fire Safety and Property Maintenance Inspection" shall mean an inspection performed to determine compliance with the applicable provisions of 19 NYCRR Part 1225 and the publications incorporated therein by reference and the applicable provisions of 19 NYCRR Part 1226 and the publications incorporated therein by reference.

"Hazardous Production Materials" shall mean a solid, liquid, or gas associated with semiconductor manufacturing that has a degree-of-hazard rating in health, flammability, or instability of Class 3 or 4, as ranked by NFPA 704 (Standard Systems for Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response), and which is used directly in research, laboratory, or production processes which have, as their end product, materials that are not hazardous.

"Inspector" shall mean an inspector appointed pursuant to subdivision (d) of S 3 of this local law.

"Mobile Food Preparation Vehicles" shall mean vehicles that contain cooking equipment that produces smoke or grease-laden vapors for the purpose of preparing and serving food to the public. Vehicles intended for private recreation shall not be considered mobile food preparation vehicles.

"Operating Permit" shall mean a permit issued pursuant to S 10 of this local law. The term "Operating Permit" shall also include an Operating Permit which is renewed, amended, or extended pursuant to any provision of this local law.

"Order to Remedy" shall mean an order issued by the Code Enforcement Officer pursuant to subdivision (a) of S 17 of this local law.

"Permit Holder" shall mean the Person to whom a Building Permit has been issued.

"Person" shall include an individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, limited partnership, business trust, estate, trust, association, or any other legal or commercial entity of any kind or description.

"PMCNYS" shall mean the 2020 Property Maintenance Code of New York State as currently incorporated by reference in 19 NYCRR Part 1226.

"RCNYS" shall mean the 2020 Residential Code of New York State as currently incorporated by reference in 19 NYCRR Part 1220.

"Repair" shall mean the reconstruction, replacement, or renewal of any part of an existing building for the purpose of its maintenance or to correct damage.

"Stop Work Order" shall mean an order issued pursuant to S 6 of this local law.

"Sugarhouse" shall mean a building used, in whole or in part, for the collection, storage, or processing of maple sap into maple syrup and/or maple sugar.

"Temporary Certificate of Occupancy" shall mean a certificate issued pursuant to subdivision (d) of S 7 of this local law.

"Uniform Code" shall mean the New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code, Subchapter A of Chapter XXXIII of Title 19 of the NYCRR, adopted pursuant to Article 18 of the Executive Law.

"Town" shall mean the Town of Catharine.

"Town Board" shall mean the town board of the Town.

b Construction.

(1) Words in the singular or with gendered references shall be interpreted in the plural or other gendered or non-gendered form when required by usage or context.

(2) Any reference herein to a statute, regulation, code, section, or similar rule or law shall be construed to mean that statute, regulation, code, section, or similar rule or law as written when this local law was adopted, as well as such statute, regulation, code, section, or similar rule or law as the same may have been thereafter amended, replaced, or recodified, each as the context and situation thereof may so admit, require, or demand.

(3) Any provision herein that requires a signature of a Town officer or employee shall be deemed met or complied with regardless of whether such signature is electronically made or holographic (original, such as in ink or a "wet" signature), and a photocopy or accurate reproduction thereof, or of any verification or certification thereof, shall have the same force and effect as an original signature, including relative to legal process and admissibility of evidence requirements.

(4) Subject matter headings shall be interpreted and construed only as matters of convenience, and such shall not be interpreted or used to limit or define the text and references appearing thereunder.

(5) Defined terms that are not capitalized due to mistake or omission shall be interpreted as defined unless the context thereof otherwise requires or so admits the usage as a non-defined term.

SECTION 3. CODE ENFORCEMENT OFFICER AND INSPECTORS:

(a) Offices and Authority. The Office of Code Enforcement Officer is hereby confirmed and so created, and the duties and authorities of such office are updated, expanded, and authorized in accordance with this local law. The Code Enforcement Officer shall administer and enforce all the provisions of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, and this local law. The Code Enforcement Officer shall have the following powers and duties:

(1) To receive, review, and approve or disapprove applications for Building Permits, Certificates of Occupancy, Certificates of Compliance, Temporary Certificates of Occupancy, and Operating Permits, and the plans, specifications, and construction documents submitted with such applications;

(2) Upon approval of such applications, to issue Building Permits, Certificates of Occupancy, Certificates of Compliance, Temporary Certificates of Occupancy, and Operating Permits, and to include in terms and conditions as the Code Enforcement Officer may determine to be appropriate

Building Permits, Certificates of Occupancy, Certificates of Compliance, Temporary Certificates of Occupancy, and Operating Permits;

(3) To conduct construction inspections; inspections to be made prior to the issuance of Certificates of Occupancy, Certificates of Compliance, Temporary Certificates of Occupancy, and Operating Permits; fire safety and property maintenance inspections; inspections incidental to the investigation of complaints; and all other inspections required or permitted under any provision of this local law;

(4) To issue Stop Work Orders;

(5) To review and investigate complaints;

(6) To issue orders pursuant to subdivision (a) of S 17 (Violations) of this local law;

(7) To maintain records;

(8) To collect fees as set by the Town Board;

(9) To pursue administrative and other enforcement actions and proceedings;

(10) In consultation with this Town's attorney, to pursue such legal actions and proceedings as may be necessary to enforce the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, and this local law, or to abate or correct conditions not in compliance with the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, or this local law; and

(11) To exercise all other powers and fulfill all other duties conferred upon the Code Enforcement Officer by this local law.

(b) **Appointment.** The Code Enforcement Officer shall be appointed by the Town Board. The Code Enforcement Officer shall possess background experience related to building construction or fire prevention and shall, within the time prescribed by law, obtain such basic training, in-service training, advanced in-service training, and other training as the State of New York shall require for code enforcement personnel, and the Code Enforcement Officer shall obtain certification from the Department of State pursuant to the Executive Law and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

(c) **Acting Code Enforcement Officers.** In the event that the Code Enforcement Officer is unable to serve as such for any reason, another individual shall be appointed by the Town Board to serve as Acting Code Enforcement Officer. The Acting Code Enforcement Officer shall, during the term of their appointment, exercise all powers and fulfill all duties conferred upon the Code Enforcement Officer by this local law.

(d) **Inspectors.** One or more Inspectors may be appointed by the Town Board to act under the supervision and direction of the Code Enforcement Officer and to assist the Code Enforcement Officer in the exercise of the powers and fulfillment of the duties conferred upon the Code Enforcement Officer by this local law. Each Inspector shall, within the time prescribed by law, obtain such basic training, in-service training, advanced in-service training, and other training as the State of New York shall require for code enforcement personnel, and each Inspector shall obtain certification from the Department of State pursuant to the Executive Law and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

(e) Remuneration for Code Enforcement Officers and Inspectors. The compensation for the Code Enforcement Officer and Inspectors shall be fixed from time to time by the Town Board.

SECTION 4. BUILDING PERMITS:

(a) Building Permits Required. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (b) of this section, a Building Permit shall be required for any work which must conform to the Uniform Code and/or the Energy Code, including, but not limited to, the construction, enlargement, alteration, improvement, removal, relocation, or demolition of any building or structure or any portion thereof, and the installation of a solid fuel burning heating appliance, chimney, or flue in any dwelling unit. No Person shall commence any work for which a Building Permit is required without first having obtained a Building Permit from the Town.

(b) Exemptions. No Building Permit shall be required for work in any of the following categories:

- (1) Construction or installation of one-story detached structures associated with one- or two-family dwellings or multiple single-family dwellings (townhouses), which are used for tool and storage sheds, playhouses, or similar uses, provided the gross floor area does not exceed 120 square feet;
- (2) Construction of temporary sets and scenery associated with motion picture, television, and theater uses;
- (3) Installation of window awnings supported by an exterior wall of a one- or two-family dwelling or multiple single-family dwellings (townhouses);
- (4) Installation of partitions or movable cases less than 5-9" in height;
- (5) Painting, wallpapering, tiling, carpeting, or other similar finish work;
- (6) Installation of listed portable electrical, plumbing, heating, ventilation or cooling equipment or appliances;
- (7) Replacement of any equipment provided the replacement does not alter the equipment's listing or render it inconsistent with the equipment's original specifications; or
- (8) Repairs, provided that the work does not have an impact on fire and life safety, such as (i) any part of the structural system; (ii) the required means of egress; or (iii) the fire protection system or the removal from service of any part of the fire protection system for any period of time.

(c) Exemption Not Deemed Authorization to Perform Non-Compliant Work. The exemption from the requirement to obtain a building permit for work in any category set forth in subdivision (b) of this section shall not be deemed an authorization for work to be performed in violation of the Uniform Code or the Energy Code.

(d) Applications for Building Permits. Applications for a Building Permit shall be made in writing on a form provided by or otherwise acceptable to the Code Enforcement Officer. The application shall be signed by the owner of the property where the work is to be performed or an authorized agent of the

owner. The application shall include such information as the Code Enforcement Officer deems sufficient to permit a determination by the Code Enforcement Officer that the intended work complies with all applicable requirements of the Uniform Code and the Energy Code. The application shall include or be accompanied by the following information and documentation:

- (1) A description of the location, nature, extent, and scope of the proposed work;
- (2) The tax map number and the street address of any affected building or structure;
- (3) The occupancy classification of any affected building or structure;
- (4) Where applicable, a statement of special inspections prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Code; and
- (5) At least 2 sets of construction documents (drawings and/or specifications) which:
 - (i) Describe the location, nature, extent, and scope of the proposed work;
 - (ii) Show that the proposed work will conform to the applicable provisions of the Codes;
 - (iii) Show the location, construction, size, and character of all portions of the means of egress;
 - (iv) Show a representation of the building thermal envelope;
 - (v) Show structural information including but not limited to braced wall designs, the size, section, and relative locations of structural members, design loads, and other pertinent structural information;
 - (vi) Show the proposed structural, electrical, plumbing, mechanical, fire-protection, and other service systems of the building;
 - (vii) Include a written statement indicating compliance with the Energy Code;
 - (viii) Include a site plan, drawn to scale and drawn in accordance with an accurate boundary survey, showing the size and location of new construction and existing structures and appurtenances on the site, distances from lot lines, the established street grades, and the proposed finished grades, and, as applicable, flood hazard areas, floodways, and design flood elevations; and
 - (ix) Evidence that the documents were prepared by a licensed and registered architect in accordance with Article 147 of the New York State Education Law or a licensed and registered professional engineer in accordance with Article 145 of the New York State Education Law and practice guidelines, including but not limited to the design professional's seal which clearly and legibly shows both the design professional's name and license number and is signed by the design professional whose name appears on the seal in such a manner that neither the name nor the number is obscured in any way, the design professional's registration expiration date, the design professional's firm name (if not a sole practitioner), and, if the documents are submitted by a professional engineering firm and not a sole practitioner professional engineer, the firm's Certificate of Authorization number.

(e) Construction documents. Construction documents will not be accepted as part of an application for a Building Permit unless they satisfy the requirements set forth in paragraph (5) of subdivision (d) of this section. Construction documents which are accepted as part of the application for a Building Permit shall be marked as accepted by the Code Enforcement Officer in writing or by stamp, or in the case of electronic media, an electronic marking. One set of the accepted construction documents shall be retained by the Code Enforcement Officer, and one set of the accepted construction documents shall be returned to the applicant to be kept at the work site so as to be available for use by the Code Enforcement Personnel. However, the return of a set of accepted construction documents to the applicant shall not be construed as authorization to commence work, nor as an indication that a Building Permit will be issued. Work shall not be commenced until and unless a Building Permit is issued.

(f) Issuance of Building Permits. An application for a Building Permit shall be examined to ascertain whether the proposed work is in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Uniform Code and Energy Code. The Code Enforcement Officer shall issue a Building Permit if the proposed work is in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Uniform Code and Energy Code.

(g) Building Permits to be Displayed. Building permits shall be visibly displayed at the work site and shall remain visible until the authorized work has been completed.

(h) Work to be in Accordance with Construction Documents. All work shall be performed in accordance with the construction documents which were submitted with and accepted as part of the application for the Building Permit. The Building Permit shall contain such a directive. The Permit Holder shall immediately notify the Code Enforcement Officer of any change occurring during the course of the work. The Building Permit shall contain such a directive. If the Code Enforcement Officer determines that such change warrants a new or amended Building Permit, such change shall not be made until and unless a new or amended Building Permit reflecting such change is issued.

(i) Time Limits. Building Permits shall become invalid unless the authorized work is commenced within 6 months following the date of issuance. Building Permits shall expire 12 months after the date of issuance. A Building Permit which has become invalid or which has expired pursuant to this subdivision may be renewed upon application by the Permit Holder, payment of the applicable fee, and approval of the application by the Code Enforcement Officer.

(j) Revocation or Suspension of Building Permits. If the Code Enforcement Officer determines that a Building Permit was issued in error because of incorrect, inaccurate, or incomplete information, or that the work for which a Building Permit was issued violates the Uniform Code or the Energy Code, the Code Enforcement Officer shall revoke the Building Permit or suspend the Building Permit until such time as the Permit Holder demonstrates that (1) all work then completed is in compliance with all applicable provisions of the Uniform Code and the Energy Code, and (2) all work then proposed to be performed shall be in compliance with all applicable provisions of the Uniform Code and the Energy Code.

(k) Fees. The fees specified in, or determined in accordance with, the provisions set forth in S 18 (Fees) of this local law must be paid at the time of submission of an application for a Building Permit, for an amended Building Permit, or for renewal of a Building Permit.

SECTION 5. CONSTRUCTION INSPECTIONS:

(a) Work to remain accessible and exposed. Work shall remain accessible and exposed until inspected and accepted by the Code Enforcement Officer or by an Inspector authorized by the Code Enforcement Officer. The Permit Holder shall notify the Code Enforcement Officer when any element of work described in subdivision (b) of this section is ready for inspection.

(b) Elements of work to be inspected. The following elements of the construction process shall be inspected, where applicable:

- (1) Work site prior to the issuance of a Building Permit;
- (2) Footing and foundation;
- (3) Preparation for concrete slab;
- (4) Framing;
- (5) Structural, electrical, plumbing, mechanical, fire-protection, and other similar service systems of the building;
- (6) Fire resistant construction;
- (7) Fire resistant penetrations;
- (8) Solid fuel burning heating appliances, chimneys, flues, or gas vents;
- (9) Inspections required to demonstrate Energy Code compliance, including but not limited to insulation, fenestration, air leakage, system controls, mechanical equipment size, and, where required, minimum fan efficiencies, programmable thermostats, energy recovery, whole-house ventilation, plumbing heat traps, and high-performance lighting and controls;
- (10) Installation, connection, and assembly of factory manufactured buildings and manufactured homes; and
- (11) A final inspection after all work authorized by the Building Permit has been completed.

(c) Remote Inspections. At the discretion of the Code Enforcement Officer or Inspector authorized to perform construction inspections, a remote inspection may be performed in lieu of an in-person inspection when, in the opinion of the Code Enforcement Officer or such authorized Inspector, the remote inspection can be performed to the same level and quality as an in-person inspection and the remote inspection shows to the satisfaction of the Code Enforcement Officer or by such authorized Inspector that the elements of the construction process conform with the applicable requirements of the Uniform Code and Energy Code. Should a remote inspection not afford the Code Enforcement Officer or such authorized Inspector sufficient information to make a determination, an in-person inspection shall be performed.

(d) Inspection Results. After inspection, the work or a portion thereof shall be noted as satisfactory as completed, or the Permit Holder shall be notified as to the manner in which the work fails to comply with the Uniform Code or Energy Code, including a citation to the specific code provision or provisions that have not been met. Work not in compliance with any applicable provision of the Uniform Code or Energy Code shall remain exposed until such work shall have been brought into compliance with all applicable provisions of the Uniform Code and the Energy Code, reinspected, and found satisfactory as completed.

(e) Fees. The fee specified in or determined in accordance with the provisions set forth in S 18 (Fees) of this local law must be paid prior to or at the time of each inspection performed pursuant to this section.

SECTION 6. STOP WORK ORDERS:

(a) Authority to issue. The Code Enforcement Officer is authorized to issue Stop Work Orders pursuant to this section. The Code Enforcement Officer shall issue a Stop Work Order to halt:

(1) Any work that is determined by the Code Enforcement Officer to be contrary to any applicable provision of the Uniform Code or Energy Code, without regard to whether such work is or is not work for which a Building Permit is required, and without regard to whether a Building Permit has or has not been issued for such work, or

(2) Any work that is being conducted in a dangerous or unsafe manner in the opinion of the Code Enforcement Officer, without regard to whether such work is or is not work for which a Building Permit is required, and without regard to whether a Building Permit has or has not been issued for such work, or

(3) Any work for which a Building Permit is required which is being performed without the required Building Permit, or under a Building Permit that has become invalid, has expired, or has been suspended or revoked.

(b) Content of Stop Work Orders. Stop Work Orders shall (1) be in writing, (2) be dated and signed by the Code Enforcement Officer, (3) state the reason or reasons for issuance, and (4) state, if applicable, the conditions which must be satisfied before work will be permitted to resume.

(c) Service of Stop Work Orders. The Code Enforcement Officer shall cause the Stop Work Order, or a copy thereof, to be served upon the owner of the affected property (and, if the owner is not the Permit Holder, on the Permit Holder) personally or by certified mail. The Code Enforcement Officer shall be permitted, but not required, to cause the Stop Work Order, or a copy thereof, to be served on any builder, architect, tenant, contractor, subcontractor, construction superintendent, or their agents, or any other Person taking part or assisting in work affected by the Stop Work Order, personally or by certified mail; provided, however, that failure to serve any Person mentioned in this sentence shall not affect the efficacy of the Stop Work Order. Whenever there is cause to believe that service by registered mail or certified mail has not provided actual notice of the order or notice, the Town and the Code Enforcement Officer shall undertake effecting personal service in a manner as is sufficient for service of a summons under the CPLR.

(d) Effect of Stop Work Order. Upon the issuance of a Stop Work Order, the owner of the affected property, the Permit Holder, and any other Person performing, taking part in, or assisting in the work shall immediately cease all work which is the subject of the Stop Work Order, other than work expressly authorized by the Code Enforcement Officer to correct the reason for issuing the Stop Work Order.

(e) Remedy Not Exclusive. The issuance of a Stop Work Order shall not be the exclusive remedy available to address any event described in subdivision (a) of this section, and the authority to issue a Stop Work Order shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for or limitation of, the right and authority to pursue any other remedy or impose any other penalty under S 17 (Violations) of this local law or under any other applicable local law or State law. Any such other remedy or penalty may be pursued at any time, whether prior to, at the time of, or after the issuance of a Stop Work Order.

SECTION 7. CERTIFICATES OF OCCUPANCY AND CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE:

(a) Certificates of Occupancy and Certificates of Compliance Required. A Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance shall be required for any work which is the subject of a Building Permit and for all structures, buildings, or portions thereof, which are converted from one use or occupancy classification or subclassification to another. Permission to use or occupy a building or structure, or portion thereof, for which a Building Permit was previously issued shall be granted only by issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance.

(b) Issuance of Certificates of Occupancy and Certificates of Compliance. The Code Enforcement Officer shall issue a Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance if the work which was the subject of the Building Permit was completed in accordance with all applicable provisions of the Uniform Code and Energy Code and, if applicable, that the structure, building or portion thereof that was converted from one use or occupancy classification or subclassification to another complies with all applicable provisions of the Uniform Code and Energy Code. The Code Enforcement Officer or an Inspector authorized by the Code Enforcement Officer shall inspect the building, structure, or work prior to the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance. In addition, where applicable, the following documents, prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Code by such person or persons as may be designated by or otherwise acceptable to the Code Enforcement Officer, at the expense of the applicant for the Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance, shall be provided to the Code Enforcement Officer prior to the issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance:

- (1) A written statement of structural observations and/or a final report of special inspections,
- (2) Flood hazard certifications,
- (3) A written statement of the results of tests performed to show compliance with the Energy Code, and
- (4) Where applicable, the affixation of the appropriate seals, insignias, and manufacturer's data plates as required for factory manufactured buildings and/or manufactured homes.

(c) Contents of Certificates of Occupancy and Certificates of Compliance. A Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance shall contain the following information:

- (1) The Building Permit number, if any;
- (2) The date of issuance of the Building Permit, if any;
- (3) The name (if any), address and tax map number of the property;
- (4) If the Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance is not applicable to an entire structure, a description of that portion of the structure for which the Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance is issued;
- (5) The use and occupancy classification of the structure;
- (6) The type of construction of the structure;
- (7) The occupant load of the assembly areas in the structure, if any;

(8) Any special conditions imposed in connection with the issuance of the Building Permit;
and

(9) The signature of the Code Enforcement Officer issuing the Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance and the date of issuance.

(d) Temporary Certificate of Occupancy. The Code Enforcement Officer shall be permitted to issue a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy allowing the temporary occupancy of a building or structure, or a

portion thereof, prior to completion of the work which is the subject of a Building Permit. However, in no event shall the Code Enforcement Officer issue a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy unless the

Code Enforcement Officer determines (1) that the building or structure, or the portion thereof covered by the Temporary Certificate of Occupancy, may be occupied safely, (2) that any required fire and life safety components, such as fire protection equipment and fire, smoke, carbon monoxide, and heat detectors and alarms are installed and operational, and (3) that all required means of egress from the structure have been provided. The Code Enforcement Officer may include in a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy such terms and conditions as he or she deems necessary or appropriate to ensure the health and safety of the persons occupying and using the building or structure and/or performing further construction work in the building or structure. A Temporary Certificate of Occupancy shall be effective for a period of time, not to exceed 6 months, which shall be determined by the Code Enforcement Officer and specified in the Temporary Certificate of Occupancy. During the specified period of effectiveness of the Temporary Certificate of Occupancy, the Permit Holder shall undertake to bring the building or structure into full compliance with all applicable provisions of the Uniform Code and the Energy Code. A Temporary Certificate of Occupancy may be renewed upon payment of the fee referenced below, but the decision to grant or deny a renewal of a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy shall be made in the sole discretion of the Code Enforcement Officer, without recourse, and regardless of whether any grounds for revocation or suspension exist.

(e) Revocation or suspension of certificates. If the Code Enforcement Officer determines that a Certificate of Occupancy, Certification of Compliance, or a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy was issued in error or on the basis of incorrect information, and if the relevant deficiencies are not corrected to the satisfaction of the Code Enforcement Officer within such period of time as shall be specified by the Code Enforcement Officer, the Code Enforcement Officer shall revoke or suspend such certificate.

(f) Fees. The fee specified in or determined in accordance with the provisions set forth in S 18 (Fees) of this local law must be paid at the time of submission of an application for a Certificate of Occupancy, Certificate of Compliance, or for Temporary Certificate of Occupancy.

SECTION 8. NOTIFICATION REGARDING FIRE OR EXPLOSION: The chief of any fire department providing firefighting services for a property within this Town shall promptly notify the Code Enforcement Officer of any fire or explosion involving any structural damage, fuel burning appliance, chimney, or gas vent.

SECTION 9. UNSAFE BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES, AND EQUIPMENT & CONDITIONS OF IMMINENT DANGER: Unsafe buildings, structures, and equipment, and conditions of imminent danger related thereto located

within this Town shall be identified and addressed in accordance with the procedures set forth on the Town's Local Law #2 of 2014 ("Providing for the Abatement of Unsafe or Dangerous Buildings and Rubbish Removal"), under General Municipal Law S 78-b, or otherwise in accord with applicable law.

SECTION 10. OPERATING PERMITS:

(a) Operation Permits Required. Operating Permits shall be required for conducting any process or activity or for operating any type of building, structure, or facility listed below:

- (1) Manufacturing, storing, or handling hazardous materials in quantities exceeding those listed in the applicable Maximum Allowable Quantity tables found in Chapter 50 of the FCNYS;
- (2) Buildings, structures, facilities, processes, and/or activities that are within the scope and/or permit requirements of the chapter or section title of the FCNYS as follows:
 - (i) Chapter 22, "Combustible Dust-Producing Operations." Facilities where the operation produces combustible dust;
 - (ii) Chapter 24, "Flammable Finishes." Operations utilizing flammable or combustible liquids, or the application of combustible powders regulated by Chapter 24 of the FCNYS;
 - (iii) Chapter 25, "Fruit and Crop Ripening." Operating a fruit- or crop-ripening facility or conducting a fruit-ripening process using ethylene gas;
 - (iv) Chapter 26, "Fumigation and Insecticidal Fogging." Conducting fumigation or insecticidal fogging operations in buildings, structures, and spaces, except for fumigation or insecticidal fogging performed by the occupant of a detached one-family dwelling;
 - (v) Chapter 31, "Tents, Temporary Special Event Structures, and Other Membrane Structures." Operating an air-supported temporary membrane structure, a temporary special event structure, or a tent where approval is required pursuant to Chapter 31 of the FCNYS;
 - (vi) Chapter 32, "High-Piled Combustible Storage." High-piled combustible storage facilities with more than 500 square feet (including aisles) of high-piled storage;
 - (vii) Chapter 34, "Tire Rebuilding and Tire Storage." Operating a facility that stores in excess of 2,500 cubic feet of scrap tires or tire byproducts or operating a tire rebuilding plant;
 - (viii) Chapter 35, "Welding and Other Hot Work." Performing public exhibitions and demonstrations where hot work is conducted, use of hot work, welding, or cutting equipment, inside or on a structure, except an operating permit is not required where work is conducted under the authorization of a building permit or where performed by the occupant of a detached one- or two-family dwelling;
 - (ix) Chapter 40, "Sugarhouse Alternative Activity Provisions." Conducting an alternative activity at a sugarhouse;
 - (x) Chapter 56, "Explosives and Fireworks." Possessing, manufacturing, storing, handling, selling, or using, explosives, fireworks, or other pyrotechnic special effects materials except the outdoor use of sparkling devices as defined by Penal Law S 270;

(xi) Section 307, "Open Burning, Recreational Fires and Portable Outdoor Fireplaces." Conducting open burning, not including recreational fires and portable outdoor fireplaces;

(xii) Section 308, "Open Flames." Removing paint with a torch, or using open flames, fire, and burning in connection with assembly areas or educational occupancies; and

(xiii) Section 319, "Mobile Food Preparation Vehicles." Operating a mobile food preparation vehicle in accordance with the permitting requirements established by the County Board of Health and any zoning or other laws of the Town.

(3) Energy storage systems, where the system exceeds the values shown in Table 1206.1 of the FCNYS or exceeds the permitted aggregate ratings in S R327.5 of the RCNYS.

(4) Buildings containing one or more assembly areas;

(5) Outdoor events where the planned attendance exceeds 1,000 persons;

(6) Facilities that store, handle, or use hazardous production materials;

(7) Parking garages as defined in subdivision (a) of S 13 of this local law;

(8) Buildings whose use or occupancy classification may pose a substantial potential hazard to public safety, as determined by any applicable local law or ordinance of the Town, or by resolution adopted by the Town Board; and

(9) Other processes or activities or for operating any type of building, structure, or facility as determined by any applicable local law or ordinance of the Town, or by resolution adopted by the Town Board. Any person who proposes to undertake any activity or to operate any type of building listed in this subdivision (a) shall be required to obtain an Operating Permit prior to commencing such activity or operation.

(b) Applications for Operating Permits. An application for an Operating Permit shall be in writing on a form provided by or otherwise acceptable to the Code Enforcement Officer. Such application shall include such information as the Code Enforcement Officer deems sufficient to permit a determination by the Code Enforcement Officer that quantities, materials, and activities conform to the requirements of the Uniform Code. If the Code Enforcement Officer determines that tests or reports are necessary to verify conformance, such tests or reports shall be performed or provided by such person or persons as may be designated by or otherwise acceptable to the Code Enforcement Officer, at the expense of the applicant.

(c) This subdivision is intentionally omitted (as the Town will not exempt certain operations from the requirements to obtain operating permits).

(d) Inspections. The Code Enforcement Officer or an Inspector authorized by the Code Enforcement Officer shall inspect the subject premises prior to the issuance of an Operating Permit. Such inspections shall be performed either in-person or remotely. Remote inspections in lieu of in-person inspections may be performed when, at the discretion of the Code Enforcement Officer or an Inspector authorized by the Code Enforcement Officer, the remote inspection can be performed to the same level and quality as an in-person inspection and the remote inspection shows to the satisfaction of the Code Enforcement Officer or Inspector authorized by the Code Enforcement Officer that the premises conform with the applicable requirements of the Uniform Code and the code enforcement program. Should a remote inspection not afford the Town sufficient information to make a determination, an in-person inspection shall be performed. After inspection, the premises shall be noted as satisfactory and the operating permit shall be issued, or the operating permit holder shall be notified as to the manner in which the premises fail to

comply with either or both of the Uniform Code and the code enforcement program, including a citation to the specific provision or provisions that have not been met.

(e) **Multiple Activities.** In any circumstance in which more than one activity listed in subdivision (a) of this section is to be conducted at a location, the Code Enforcement Officer may require a separate Operating Permit for each such activity, or the Code Enforcement Officer may, in his or her discretion, issue a single Operating Permit to apply to all such activities.

(f) **Duration of Operating Permits.** Operating permits shall be issued for a specified period of time consistent with local conditions, but in no event to exceed as follows:

(1) 180 days for tents, special event structures, and other membrane structures;

(2) 60 days for alternative activities at a sugarhouse;

~~Revocation or Suspension of Operating Permits. If the Code Enforcement Officer determines~~

(3) 3 years for the activities, structures, and operations determined per paragraph (9) of subdivision (a) of this section, and

(4) 1 year for all other activities, structures, and operations identified in subdivision (a) of this section.

The effective period of each Operating Permit shall be specified in the Operating Permit. An Operating Permit may be reissued or renewed upon application to the Code Enforcement Officer, payment of the applicable fee, and approval of such application by the Code Enforcement Officer.

that any activity or building for which an Operating Permit was issued does not comply with any applicable provision of the Uniform Code, such Operating Permit shall be revoked or suspended.

(h) **Fees.** The fee specified in or determined in accordance with the provisions set forth in S 18 (Fees) of this local law must be paid at the time submission of an application for an Operating Permit, for an amended Operating Permit, or for reissue or renewal of an Operating Permit.

SECTION 11. FIRE SAFETY AND PROPERTY MAINTENANCE INSPECTIONS:

(a) **Inspections Required.** Fire safety and property maintenance inspections of buildings and structures shall be performed by the Code Enforcement Officer or an Inspector designated by the Code Enforcement Officer at the following intervals:

(1) At least once every 12 months for buildings which contain an assembly area;

(2) At least once every 12 months for public and private schools and colleges, including any buildings of such schools or colleges containing classrooms, dormitories, fraternities, sororities, laboratories, physical education, dining, or recreational facilities; and

(3) At least once every 24 months for multiple dwellings and all nonresidential occupancies.

(b) **Remote Inspections.** At the discretion of the Code Enforcement Officer or Inspector authorized to perform fire safety and property maintenance inspections, a remote inspection may be performed in lieu of in-person inspections when, in the opinion of the Code Enforcement Officer or such authorized Inspector, the remote inspection can be performed to the same level and quality as an inperson inspection and the remote inspection shows to the satisfaction of the Code Enforcement Officer or such authorized

Inspector that the premises conform with the applicable provisions of 19 NYCRR Part 1225 and the publications incorporated therein by reference and the applicable provisions of 19 NYCRR Part 1226 and the publications incorporated therein by reference. Should a remote inspection not afford the Code Enforcement Officer or such authorized Inspector sufficient information to make a determination an in-person inspection shall be performed.

(c) Inspections Permitted. In addition to the inspections required by subdivision (a) of this section, a fire safety and property maintenance inspection of any building, structure, use, or occupancy, or of any dwelling unit, may also be performed by the Code Enforcement Officer or an Inspector authorized to perform fire safety and property maintenance inspections at any time upon:

- (1) The request of the owner of the property to be inspected or an authorized agent of such owner;
- (2) Receipt by the Code Enforcement Officer of a written statement alleging that conditions or activities failing to comply with the Uniform Code or Energy Code exist; or
- (3) Receipt by the Code Enforcement Officer of any other information, reasonably believed by the Code Enforcement Officer to be reliable, giving rise to reasonable cause to believe that conditions or activities failing to comply with the Uniform Code or Energy Code exist;

Provided, however, that nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as permitting an inspection under any circumstances under which a court order or warrant permitting such inspection is required, unless such court order or warrant shall have been obtained.

(d) OFPC Inspections. Nothing in this section or in any other provision of this local law shall supersede, limit, or impair the powers, duties and responsibilities of the New York State Office of Fire Prevention and Control ("OFPC") and the New York State Fire Administrator or other authorized entity under Executive Law S 156-e and Education Law S 807-b. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to the contrary, the Code Enforcement Officer may accept an inspection performed by the Office of Fire Prevention and Control or other authorized entity pursuant to SS 807-a and 807-b of the Education Law or S 156-e of the Executive Law, in lieu of a fire safety and property maintenance inspection performed by the Code Enforcement Officer or by an Inspector, provided that:

- (1) The Code Enforcement Officer is satisfied that the individual performing such inspection satisfies the requirements set forth in 19 NYCRR S 1203.2(e);
- (2) The Code Enforcement Officer is satisfied that such inspection covers all elements required to be covered by a fire safety and property maintenance inspection;
- (3) Such inspections are performed no less frequently than once a year;
- (4) A true and complete copy of the report of each such inspection is provided to the Code Enforcement Officer; and
- (5) Upon receipt of each such report, the Code Enforcement Officer takes the appropriate action prescribed by S 17 (Violations) of this local law.

(e) Fees. The fee specified in or determined in accordance with the provisions set forth in S 18 (Fees) of this local law must be paid prior to or at the time each inspection performed pursuant to this section. This subdivision shall not apply to inspections performed by OFPC.

SECTION 12. COMPLAINTS: The Code Enforcement Officer shall review and investigate complaints which allege or assert the existence of conditions or activities that fail to comply with the Uniform Code, the

Energy Code, this local law, or any other local law zoning ordinance or regulation adopted for administration and enforcement of the Uniform Code or the Energy Code. The process for responding to a complaint shall include such of the following steps as the Code Enforcement Officer may deem to be appropriate:

- (a) Performing an inspection of the conditions and/or activities alleged to be in violation, and documenting the results of such inspection;
- (b) If a violation is found to exist, providing the owner of the affected property and any other Person who may be responsible for the violation with notice of the violation and opportunity to abate, correct or cure the violation, or otherwise proceeding in the manner described in S 17 (Violations) of this local law;
- (c) If appropriate, issuing a Stop Work Order;
- (d) If a violation which was found to exist is abated or corrected, perform an inspection to ensure that the violation has been abated or corrected, preparing a final written report reflecting such abatement or correction, and filing such report with the complaint.
- (e) Nothing in this section mandates an opportunity to abate, correct or cure the violation when the Code Enforcement Officer determines that there exists an emergency, an imminent hazard to life or property, or that the violation is intentional or a repeated or recurring violation or act of noncompliance.

SECTION 13. CONDITION ASSESSMENTS OF PARKING GARAGES:

- (a) Definitions. For the purposes of this section:
 - (1) The term "condition assessment" means an on-site inspection and evaluation of a parking garage for evidence of deterioration of any structural element or building component of such parking garage, evidence of the existence of any unsafe condition in such parking garage, and evidence indicating that such parking garage is an unsafe structure;
 - (2) The term "deterioration" means the weakening, disintegration, corrosion, rust, or decay of any structural element or building component, or any other loss of effectiveness of a structural element or building component;
 - (3) The term "parking garage" means any building or structure, or part thereof, in which all or any part of any structural level or levels is used for parking or storage of motor vehicles, excluding:
 - (i) Buildings in which the only level used for parking or storage of motor vehicles is on grade;
 - (ii) An attached or accessory structure providing parking exclusively for a detached one or two-family dwelling; and
 - (iii) A townhouse unit with attached parking exclusively for such unit;
 - (4) The term "professional engineer" means an individual who is licensed or otherwise authorized under Article 145 of the Education Law to practice the profession of engineering in the State of New York and who has at least 3 years of experience performing structural evaluations;

(5) The term "responsible professional engineer" means the professional engineer who performs a condition assessment, or under whose supervision a condition assessment is performed, and who seals and signs the condition assessment report. The use of the term "responsible professional engineer" shall not be construed as limiting the professional responsibility or liability of any professional engineer, or of any other licensed professional, who participates in the preparation of a condition assessment without being the responsible professional engineer for such condition assessment.

(6) The term "unsafe condition" includes the conditions identified as "unsafe" in S 304.1.1, S 305.1 .1, and S 306.1 .1 of the PMCNYS; and

(7) The term "unsafe structure" means a structure that is so damaged, decayed, dilapidated, or structurally unsafe, or is of such faulty construction or unstable foundation, that partial or complete collapse is possible.

(b) Condition Assessments — General Requirements. The owner operator of each parking garage shall cause such parking garage to undergo an initial condition assessment as described in subdivision (c) of this section, periodic condition assessments as described in subdivision (d) of this section, and such additional condition assessments as may be required under subdivision (e) of this section. Each condition assessment shall be conducted by or under the direct supervision of a professional engineer. A written report of each condition assessment shall be prepared, and provided to the Town, in accordance with the requirements of subdivision (f) of this section. Before performing a condition assessment (other than the initial condition assessment) of a parking garage, the responsible professional engineer for such condition assessment shall review all available previous condition assessment reports for such parking garage.

(c) Initial Condition Assessment. Each parking garage shall undergo an initial condition assessment as follows:

(1) Parking garages constructed on or after August 29, 2018, shall undergo an initial condition assessment following construction and prior to a certificate of occupancy or certificate of compliance being issued for the structure.

(2) Parking garages constructed prior to August 29, 2018, shall undergo an initial condition assessment as follows:

(i) If originally constructed prior to January 1, 1984, then prior to October 1, 2019;

(ii) If originally constructed between January 1, 1984, and December 31, 2002, then prior to October 1, 2020; and

(iii) If originally constructed between January 1, 2003, and August 28, 2018, then prior to October 1, 2021.

(3) Any parking garage constructed prior to the effective date of the local law enacting this provision that has not undergone an initial condition assessment prior to that effective date shall undergo an initial condition assessment prior to 6 months.

(d) Periodic Condition Assessments. Following the initial condition assessment of a parking garage, such parking garage shall undergo periodic condition assessments at intervals not to exceed 3 years.

(e) Additional Condition Assessments.

(1) If the latest condition assessment report for a parking garage includes a recommendation by the responsible professional engineer that an additional condition assessment of such parking garage, or any portion of such parking garage, be performed before the date by which the next periodic condition assessment would be required under subdivision (c) of this section, the owner or operator of such parking garage shall cause such parking garage (or, if applicable, the portion of such parking garage identified by the responsible professional engineer) to undergo an additional condition assessment no later than the date recommended in such condition assessment report.

(2) If the Town becomes aware of any new or increased deterioration which, in the judgment of the Town, indicates that an additional condition assessment of the entire parking garage, or of the portion of the parking garage affected by such new or increased deterioration, should be performed before the date by which the next periodic condition assessment would be required under subdivision (c) of this section, the owner or operator of such parking garage shall cause such parking garage (or, if applicable, the portion of the parking garage affected by such new or increased deterioration) to undergo an additional condition assessment no later than the date determined by the Town to be appropriate.

(f) Condition Assessment Reports, The responsible professional engineer shall prepare, or directly supervise the preparation of, a written report of each condition assessment, and shall submit such condition assessment report to the Town within 5 years. Such condition assessment report shall be sealed and signed by the responsible professional engineer, and shall include:

(1) An evaluation and description of the extent of deterioration and conditions that cause deterioration that could result in an unsafe condition or unsafe structure;

(2) An evaluation and description of the extent of deterioration and conditions that cause deterioration that, in the opinion of the responsible professional engineer, should be remedied immediately to prevent an unsafe condition or unsafe structure;

(3) An evaluation and description of the unsafe conditions;

(4) An evaluation and description of the problems associated with the deterioration, conditions that cause deterioration, and unsafe conditions;

(5) An evaluation and description of the corrective options available, including the recommended timeframe for remedying the deterioration, conditions that cause deterioration, and unsafe conditions;

(6) An evaluation and description of the risks associated with not addressing the deterioration, conditions that cause deterioration, and unsafe conditions;

(7) The responsible professional engineer's recommendation regarding preventative maintenance;

(8) Except in the case of the report of the initial condition assessment, the responsible professional engineer's attestation that he or she reviewed all previously prepared condition assessment reports available for such parking garage, and considered the information in the

previously prepared reports while performing the current condition assessment and while preparing the current report; and

(9) The responsible professional engineer's recommendation regarding the time within which the next condition assessment of the parking garage or portion thereof should be performed. In making the recommendation regarding the time within which the next condition assessment of the parking garage or portion thereof should be performed, the responsible professional engineer shall consider the parking garage's age, maintenance history, structural condition, construction materials, frequency and intensity of use, location, exposure to the elements, and any other factors deemed relevant by the responsible professional engineer in their professional judgment.

(g) Review Condition Assessment Reports. The Town shall take such enforcement action or actions in response to the information in such condition assessment report as may be necessary or appropriate to protect the public from the hazards that may result from the conditions described in such report. In particular, but not by way of limitation, the Town shall, by Order to Remedy or such other means of enforcement as the Town may deem appropriate, require the owner or operator of the parking garage to repair or otherwise remedy all deterioration, all conditions that cause deterioration, and all unsafe conditions identified in such condition assessment report pursuant to paragraphs (2) and (3) of subdivision (f). All repairs and remedies shall comply with the applicable provisions of the Uniform Code. This section shall not limit or impair the right of the Town to take any other enforcement action, including but not limited to suspension or revocation of a parking garage's operating permit, as may be necessary or appropriate in response to the information in a condition assessment report.

(h) Records Retention. The Town shall retain all condition assessment reports for the life of the parking garage. Upon request by a professional engineer who has been engaged to perform a condition assessment of a parking garage, and who provides the Town with a written statement attesting to the fact that he or she has been so engaged, the Town shall make the previously prepared condition assessment reports for such parking garage (or copies of such reports) available to such professional engineer. The Town shall be permitted to require the owner or operator of the subject parking garage to pay all costs and expenses associated with making such previously prepared condition assessment reports (or copies thereof) available to the professional engineer.

(i) No Limitations. This section shall not limit or impair the right or the obligation of the Town:

(1) To perform such construction inspections as are required by S 5 (Construction Inspections) of this local law;

(2) To perform such periodic fire safety and property maintenance inspections as are required by S 11 (Fire Safety and Property Maintenance Inspections) of this local law; and/or

(3) To take such enforcement action or actions as may be necessary or appropriate to respond to any condition that comes to the attention of the Town by means of its own inspections or observations, by means of a complaint, or by any other means other than a condition assessment or a report of a condition assessment.

SECTION 14. CLIMATIC AND GEOGRAPHIC DESIGN CRITERIA:

(a) Special Rules for Inspections, Permits and Certificates. The Code Enforcement Officer shall determine the climatic and geographic design criteria for buildings and structures constructed within the Town as required by the Uniform Code. Such determinations shall be made in the manner specified in the Uniform Code using, where applicable, the maps, charts, and other information provided in the Uniform Code. The criteria to be so determined shall include but shall not necessarily be limited to, the following:

(1) Design criteria to include ground snow load; wind design loads; seismic category; potential damage from weathering, frost, and termite; winter design temperature; whether ice barrier underlayment is required; the air freezing index; and the mean annual temperature;

(2) Heating and cooling equipment design criteria for structures within the scope of the RCNYS. The design criteria shall include the data identified in the Design Criteria Table found in Chapter 3 of the RCNYS; and

(3) Flood hazard areas, flood hazard maps, and supporting data. The flood hazard map shall include, at a minimum, special flood hazard areas as identified by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in the Flood Insurance Study for the community, as amended or revised with:

(i) The accompanying Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM);

(ii) Flood Boundary and Floodway Map (FBFM); and

(iii) Related supporting data along with any revisions thereto.

(b) Records of Design Criteria. The Code Enforcement Officer shall prepare a written record of the climatic and geographic design criteria determined pursuant to subdivision (a) of this section, shall maintain such record within the office of the Code Enforcement Officer, and shall make such record readily available to the public.

SECTION 15. RECORD KEEPING:

(a) Recordkeeping. The Code Enforcement Officer shall keep permanent official records of all transactions and activities conducted by all Code Enforcement Personnel, including records of:

(1) All applications received, reviewed, and approved or denied; all plans, specifications and construction documents approved;

(2) All Building Permits, Certificates of Occupancy, Certificates of Compliance, Temporary Certificates, Stop Work Orders, and Operating Permits issued;

(3) All inspections and tests performed;

(4) All statements and reports issued;

(5) All complaints received;

(6) All investigations conducted;

(7) All condition assessment reports received;

(8) All fees charged and collected; and

(9) All other features and activities specified in or contemplated by SS 4 through 14, inclusive, of this local law.

(b) Inspections and FOIL. All such records shall be public records open for public inspection during normal business hours. All plans and records pertaining to buildings or structures, or appurtenances thereto, shall be retained for at least the minimum time period required by State law and regulations.

SECTION 16. PROGRAM REVIEW AND REPORTING:

(a) Annual Report to Town. The Code Enforcement Officer shall annually submit to Town Board a written report and summary of all business conducted by the Code Enforcement Officer and the Inspectors, including a report and summary of all transactions and activities described in S 14 (Record Keeping) of this local law and a report and summary of all appeals or litigation pending or concluded.

(b) Annual Report to Secretary of State. The Code Enforcement Officer shall annually submit to the Secretary of State, on behalf of the Town, on a form prescribed by the Secretary of State, a report of the activities of the Town relative to administration and enforcement of the Uniform Code.

(c) Additional Requests of Department of State. The Code Enforcement Officer shall, upon request of the New York State Department of State, provide to the New York State Department of State, true and complete copies of the records and related materials the Town is required to maintain; true and complete copies of such portion of such records and related materials as may be requested by the Department of State; and/or such excerpts, summaries, tabulations, statistics, and other information and accounts of its activities in connection with administration and enforcement of the Uniform Code and/or Energy Code as may be requested by the Department of State.

SECTION 17. VIOLATIONS:

(a) Orders to Remedy. The Code Enforcement Officer is authorized to order in writing the remedying of any condition or activity found to exist in, on or about any building, structure, or premises in violation of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, or this local law. An Order to Remedy shall be in writing; shall be dated and signed by the Code Enforcement Officer; shall specify the condition or activity that violates the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, or this local law; shall specify the provision or provisions of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, or this local law which is/are violated by the specified condition or activity; and shall include a statement substantially similar to the following:

"The person or entity served with this Order to Remedy must completely remedy each violation described in this Order to Remedy by [specify date], which is 30 days after the date of this Order to Remedy."

The Order to Remedy may include provisions ordering the person or entity served with such Order to Remedy to:

(1) Begin to remedy the violations described in the Order to Remedy immediately, or within some other specified period of time which may be less than 30 days; to continue diligently to remedy such violations until each such violation is fully remedied; and, in any event, to complete the remedying of all such violations within 30 days of the date of such Order to Remedy; and/or

(2) Take such other protective actions (such as vacating the building or barricading the area where the violations exist) which are authorized by this local law or by any other applicable statute, regulation, rule, local law or ordinance, and which the Code Enforcement Officer may deem appropriate, during the period while such violations are being remedied.

The Code Enforcement Officer shall cause the Order to Remedy, or a copy thereof, to be served upon the owner of the affected property personally or by registered mail or certified mail

within 5 days after the date of the Order to Remedy. The Code Enforcement Officer shall be permitted, but not required, to cause the Order to Remedy, or a copy thereof, to be served on any builder, architect, tenant, contractor, subcontractor, construction superintendent, or their agents, or any other Person taking part or assisting in work being performed at the affected property personally or by registered mail or certified mail within 5 days after the date of the Order to Remedy; provided, however, that failure to

serve any Person mentioned in this sentence shall not affect the efficacy of the Order to remedy (or any other compliance or stop work order served therewith). Any notice or order issued under Executive Law S 382, and other types of notices and orders arising under other laws, statutes, regulations, ordinances, codes, and rules, including but not limited to defective condition, flood plain, and stormwater non-compliance orders and notices, are neither supplanted, abridged, nor limited by this local law. An Order to Remedy may be served prior to, contemporaneously with, or subsequent to any other notice or order, and each such notice or order shall be and remain separately enforceable.

(b) **Violations and Appearance Tickets.** Any non-compliance with or violation of the requirements of this local law, or the requirements of the Uniform Code or the Energy Code, or any non-compliance with Orders to Remedy issued by the Town, are violations of this local law and, as applicable, of the relevant state codes. Code Enforcement Officers and Inspectors are authorized to issue appearance tickets for any violation of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, or this local law. For purposes of this local law, the local justice courts are hereby vested and imbued with authority to issue administrative and other warrants in compliance with the New York Criminal Procedure Law, as well as to hear and adjudicate allegations relating to the criminal or civil violation of this chapter and thereafter, if appropriate, impose any fine, penalty, or sanction.

(c) **Penalties.** In addition to such other penalties as may be prescribed by State law,

(1) Any Person who violates, or fails to comply with, any requirement, term, condition, or provision of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, or this local law, or any Person who violates, or fails to comply with, any requirement, term, condition, or provision of any Building Permit, Certificate of Occupancy, Certificate of Compliance, Temporary Certificate, Stop Work Order, Operating Permit, Order to Remedy, or other notice or order issued by a Code Enforcement Officer pursuant to any provision of this local law, shall be guilty of a criminal offense to be classified as a violation, such violation being punishable by a fine of not less than \$200 nor more than \$500 per day of violation, or imprisonment not exceeding 30 days, or both. Each day that any violation or non-compliance continues is and may be charged as a separate offense; and

(2) Any Person who violates, or fails to comply with, any requirement, term, condition, or provision of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, or this local law, or any Person who violates, or fails to comply with, any requirement, term, condition, or provision of any Building Permit, Certificate of Occupancy, Certificate of Compliance, Temporary Certificate, Stop Work Order, Operating Permit, Order to Remedy, or other notice or order issued by a Code Enforcement Officer pursuant to any provision of this local law, shall be liable to pay a civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each day or part thereof during which such violation continues. The civil penalties provided by this paragraph shall be recoverable in an action instituted in the name of the Town.

(d) **Injunctive Relief.** An action or proceeding may be instituted in the name of the Town, in a court of competent jurisdiction, to prevent, restrain, enjoin, correct, or abate any violation of, or noncompliance with, or to enforce any provision of, the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, this local law, or any term or condition of any Building Permit, Certificate of Occupancy, Certificate of Compliance, Temporary Certificate, Stop Work Order, Operating Permit, Order to Remedy, or other notice or order issued by the Code Enforcement Officer pursuant to any provision of this

local law. In particular, but not by way of limitation, where the construction or use of a building or structure is in violation of any provision of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, this local law, or any Stop Work Order, Order to Remedy or other order issued or obtained under the Uniform Code, the Energy Code or this local law, an action or proceeding may be commenced in the name of the Town, in the Supreme Court or in any other court having the requisite jurisdiction, to obtain an order directing the removal of the building or structure or an abatement of the condition in violation of such provisions. No action or proceeding described in this subdivision shall be commenced without the appropriate authorization from the Town Board. In any action seeking equitable relief or injunctions, including under Article 63 of the CPLR, the Town shall not be required to post any bond or undertaking, prove that there is or will likely be irreparable harm, or prove that the Town has no adequate remedy at law, and the court shall be authorized to adjudicate guilt or liability and issue any civil penalty or criminal fine simultaneously with any other rulings or determinations.

(e) Remedies Not Exclusive. No remedy or penalty specified in this section shall be the exclusive remedy available to address any violation of or non-compliance with this local law, and each remedy or penalty specified in this section shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for or limitation of, the other remedies or penalties specified in this section, in S 6 (Stop Work Orders) of this local law, in any other section of this local law, or in any other applicable law. Any remedy or penalty specified in this section may be pursued at any time, whether prior to, simultaneously with, or after the pursuit of any other remedy or penalty specified in this section, in S 6 (Stop Work Orders) of this local law, in any other section of this local law, or in any other applicable law. In particular, but not by way of limitation, each remedy and penalty specified in this section shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for or limitation of, the penalties specified in subdivision (2) of S 382 of the Executive Law, and any remedy or penalty specified in this section may be pursued at any time, whether prior to, simultaneously with, or after the pursuit of any penalty specified in subdivision (2) of S 382 of the Executive Law.

SECTION 18: FEES: A fee schedule shall be established by resolution of the Town Board. Such fee schedule may thereafter be amended from time to time by resolution. The fees set forth in, or determined in accordance with, such fee schedule or amended fee schedule shall be charged and collected for the submission of applications, the issuance of Building Permits, amended Building Permits, renewed Building Permits, Certificates of Occupancy, Certificates of Compliance, Temporary Certificates, Operating Permits, fire safety and property maintenance inspections, and other actions of the Code Enforcement Officer described in or contemplated by this local law.

SECTION 19. INTERMUNICIPAL AGREEMENTS: The Town Board may, by resolution, authorize the Town to enter into an agreement with other governments, and other permissible agencies and authorities, to carry out the terms of this local law, provided that such agreement does not violate any provision of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, Part 1203 of Title 19 of the NYCRR, or any other applicable law.

SECTION 20. PARTIAL INVALIDITY: If any provision or section of this local law shall be held unconstitutional, invalid, unenforceable, or ineffective, in whole or in part, such determination shall be confined in its application to the facts, circumstances, and parties involved in the controversy that led to such determination to the maximum extent permitted by law, and such determination shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder of this local law, which shall remain in full force and effect.

SECTION 21. EFFECTIVE DATE: This local law shall take effect immediately.